



GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY
INVESTING IN OUR PLANET



AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK GROUP

ANNUAL REPORT 2015

FINANCING GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT BENEFITS & CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION IN AFRICA

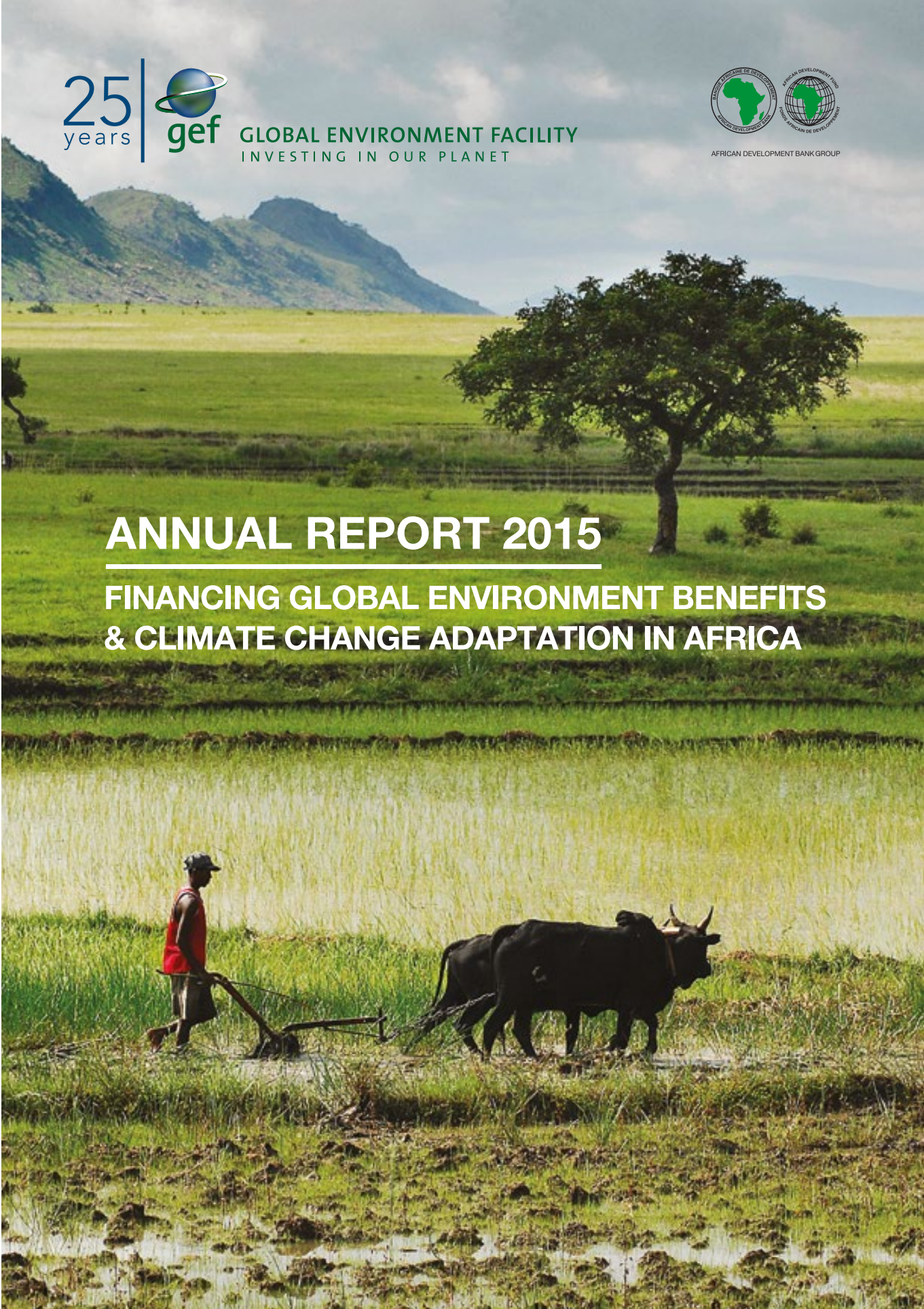




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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AfDB	African Development Bank
CARLA	Climate Adaptation for Rural Livelihoods and Agriculture (CARLA) in Malawi
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GEFTF	Global Environment Facility Trust Fund
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
LDCF	Least Developed Countries Fund
MDB	Multilateral Development Bank
MFA	Multi focal areas
PADY	Enhancing the Resilience of Poor Communities to Urban Flooding in Yaoundé
REDD	Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation
SCCF	Special Climate Change Fund
UNDP	United Nations Development Program



Alex RUGAMBA

Director

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Change Department*

The African Development Bank Group

Although Africa contributes little to the volume of global greenhouse gas emissions, it is suffering the most from its negative impacts. Erratic weather patterns and pollution have altered ecosystems leading to poor agricultural yields, reduced biodiversity, depletion of clean water resources, and an increase in health concerns.

In response to this, the African Development Bank's Ten Year Strategy 2013-2022 has focused on creating a development path focused on inclusive and green growth. To achieve its long-term strategic objectives, investments are required to increase the resilience of African cities and communities to the changing climate. Such funding must focus on reducing the vulnerability of people to climate change and building their resilience in both urban and rural settings. In turn, the implementation of climate and risk-sensitive initiatives will allow African countries to better sustain and capitalize on development advances in the long run.

Over the last four years, the Bank has delivered US \$7 billion in climate-smart development. According to the 2014 Joint Report on Multilateral Development Banks' Climate Finance, the AfDB mobilized US \$1.92 billion in climate financing: US \$1.2 billion for mitigation and US \$756 million for adaptation efforts.

As the continent's premier financial institution, the AfDB addresses challenges related to climate change by leveraging additional investments to support climate-resilient and low carbon development across the region. To render its focus on infrastructure development and regional operations more comprehensive, the Bank's latest Climate Change Action Plan lays out an array of initiatives aimed at supporting its regional member countries in adapting to climate change, mitigating its negative effects and mobilizing resources to preserve its development gains.

The AfDB-Global Environment Facility partnership is, and will continue to be, an important component to the Bank's current and future strategies aimed at lessening the negative effects of climate change. Since the accreditation of AfDB as a GEF implementing agency in 2007, the GEF has approved US \$260 million in financing for 36 projects for implementation by the Bank at end of year 2015. As we move forward, the partnership will further expand and deliver more resources to ensure a climate smart future for the African continent.

AfDB-GEF KNOWLEDGE PRODUCTS



AfDB-GEF Annual Report (2014)



<http://tinyurl.com/hzwdm5z>



Climate Finance Newsletter



<http://tinyurl.com/zyevo32>



AfDB-GEF Brochure (2015)



<http://tinyurl.com/zkanq7l>



Climate Finance Brochure



<http://tinyurl.com/jh6hbh6>



Success Story - Adapting Yaounde's drainage system to improve climate resilience, health and create jobs



<http://tinyurl.com/j8bdwfr>



Success Story - Malawi: Community-based adaptation



<http://tinyurl.com/zmd4kmg>



Success Story - Burundi: Relevant information and community involvement key to helping Burundi adapt to climate change



<http://tinyurl.com/z9m8ua>



VIDEO - Building Resilience in Rural Malawi



<http://tinyurl.com/hnsxark>





ABOUT THE GEF



Established in 1991, the Global Environment Facility (GEF) works through six focal areas: biodiversity, climate change, chemicals and waste, land degradation, international waters, and sustainable forest management. The GEF provides new and additional grants and concessional funding to cover the "incremental" or additional costs associated with transforming a project with national benefits into one with global environmental benefits. Since its creation, the GEF has provided over US \$14.5 billion in grants and mobilized an excess of US \$75.4 billion in additional co-financing for more than 4,000 projects in 167 countries. The GEF is an international partnership of 183 countries, international institutions, civil society organizations, and the private sector to address global environmental issues.

The GEF is the financial mechanism for 5 major international environmental conventions: the Minamata Convention on Mercury, the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs), the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD), the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD), and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).



ABOUT AfDB'S PARTNERSHIP WITH GEF

With inclusive growth and the transition to green growth at the heart of the African Development Bank's (AfDB) Ten Year Strategy (2013-2022), the Bank is working to build resilience into investments to ensure the sustainability of development achievements, even in the face of increasing climatic variability. The goal is to reduce the vulnerability of people and communities to the negative impacts of climate change, which include increased instances of extreme weather events. In order to achieve these objectives, the AfDB has placed an emphasis on: building resilience (in both physical infrastructure as well as communities as a whole), sustainable management of natural resources, and creating sustainable infrastructure.

In 2007, in order to further its development objectives, the AfDB became one of the GEF's implementing agencies, of which there are now 18. The Bank mobilizes funding through three GEF financing windows: the GEF Trust Fund, the Least Developed Countries Fund (LDCF) and the Special Climate Change Fund – the latter two are used to finance climate adaptation activities. The AfDB now ranks second among GEF agencies in mobilizing LDCF resources, after the United National Development Program.

INTRODUCTION - PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

Since the accreditation of the AfDB as a GEF implementing agency in 2007, the GEF has approved US \$260 million in financing for 36 projects in 33 countries for implementation by the Bank. The AfDB has mobilized US \$2.4 billion in co-financing from its own resources and external partners.

The AfDB implements a wide array of climate change projects through its different operational units. Aligned with the AfDB's green growth priorities, the GEF Coordination Unit within the Environment and Climate Change Division (ONEC3) at the AfDB is working with these units to mobilize GEF resources for climate change mitigation, which accounts for approximately 48 percent of the total portfolio, and adaptation, which accounts for 42 percent of the portfolio. Projects funded by other focal areas, including International Waters (IW) and Biodiversity, constitute the remaining 10 percent.

The GEF works in the following six focal areas:

- Biodiversity
- Climate Change
- Chemicals and Waste
- International Waters
- Land Degradation
- Forest Management/REDD+

The AfDB-GEF portfolio at the end of 2015 included projects from all GEF focal areas except Chemicals and Waste.



AfDB-GEF Portfolio by Country

The AfDB-GEF Portfolio in Africa, carried out in 33 countries, totals US \$2.4 billion, including US \$260 million in GEF grants and non-grant funding.



2015: THE YEAR IN REVIEW

At end of 2015, the portfolio comprised 33 full-size projects and 3 medium-size projects in the following focal areas: climate change mitigation, climate change adaptation, biodiversity, land degradation and international waters as well as a number of multifocal area projects.

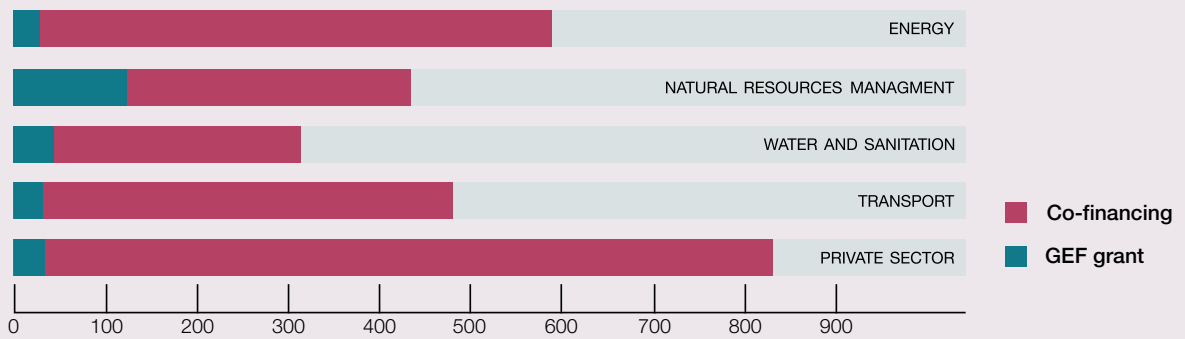
In 2015, the AfDB-GEF portfolio continued to grow as an additional six projects were approved with a total value of over US \$317 million (see table 1 below). This included GEF grant and non-grant funding totaling almost US \$36 million and AfDB co-financing totaling over US \$281 million.

Table 1. GEF-AfDB 2015 New Funding Project Approvals

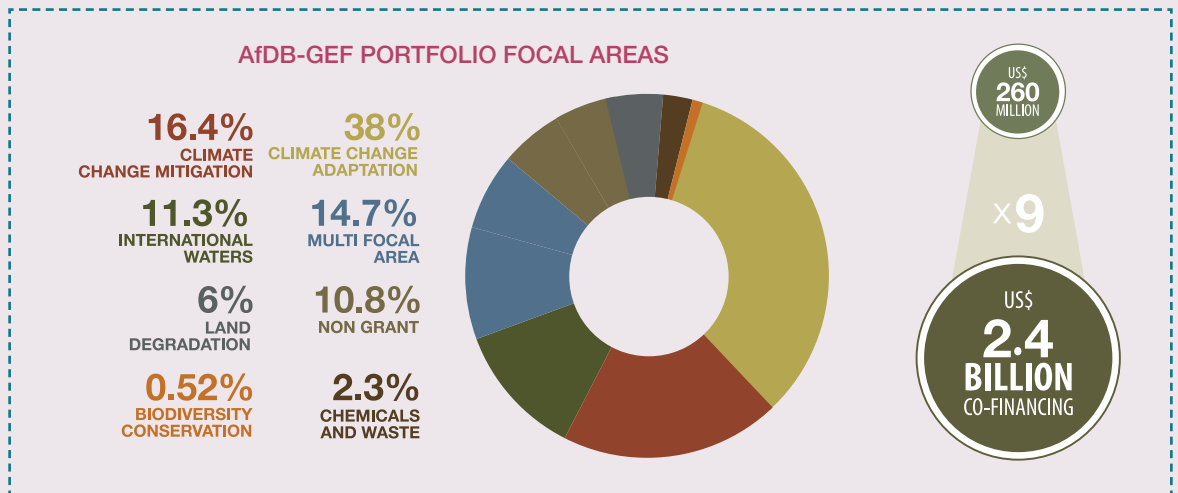
Country	Approval Date	Project Name	GEF funding	AfDB co-financing
Chad	June 2015	Building Resilience For Food Security and Nutrition in Chad's Rural Communities	5,479,452 (grant)	17,600,000
Cameroon	May 2015	Promoting Access to Renewable Energy and Development of IT Tools for Rural Communities of Cameroon	1,726,484 (grant)	29,000,000
Côte d'Ivoire	June 2015	Sustainable Cities Integrated Approach Pilot	6,522,072 (grant)	120,500,000
Zambia	June 2015	Lake Tanganyika Basin Sustainable Development Project	7,334,247 (grant)	26,562,630
Liberia	October 2015	Increasing Energy Access through the Promotion of Energy Efficient Appliances in Liberia	2,639,726 (grant)	37,000,000
Multi-country	April 2015	Moringa Agro-forestry Fund for Africa	12,000,000 (non-grant)	50,800,000
Total			35,701,981	281,462,630 317,164,611

This year's highlights include:

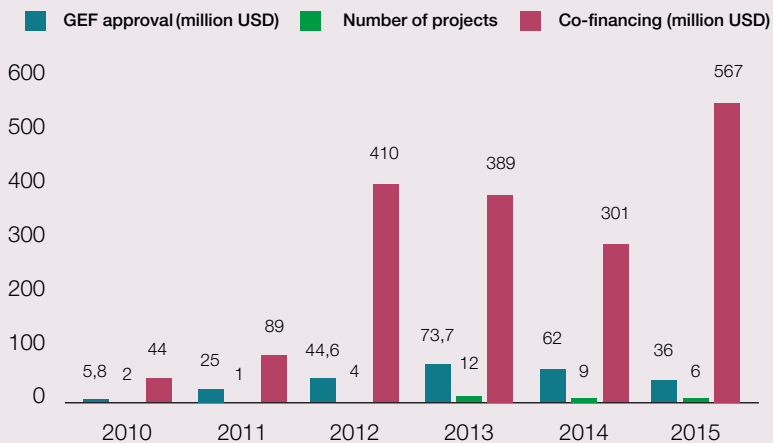
- The AfDB has approved an innovative private sector project in agroforestry in Africa using the GEF6 non-grant initiative for US \$12million.
- At end of year 2015, the AfDB had consistently mobilized a minimum of \$9 for each \$1 of GEF funding.
- Investments have been made in all GEF focal areas, in particular developing innovative approaches under the GEF6 Sustainable Cities initiative.
- With nearly 50% of its GEF portfolio funded by the Least Developed Countries Fund, the AfDB is ranked first among GEF MDBs agencies for the LDCF, demonstrating its capacity to mobilize resources for climate change adaptation for African countries.



In the past three years, the Bank has multiplied access to GEF resources for regional member countries for projects in multiple sectors including resilient agriculture, sustainable water management, sustainable transport, renewable energy and energy efficiency.



AfDB GEF PORTFOLIO 2010-2015



With a large part of its GEF portfolio funded by LDCF/SCCF, AfDB is ranked first among GEF MDBs agencies for adaptation, demonstrating its capacity to mobilize additional resources for climate change adaptation for Africa.

NEW PROJECT APPROVALS IN 2015

CHAD

Building Resilience For Food Security and Nutrition in Chad

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Multi Focal Area

Approval Date: June 2015

Purpose: To enhance food security and nutrition through sustainable and resilient agro-sylvo-pastoral systems in the Sahelian regions of Chad

Components:

- Enhancing agro-sylvo-pastoral productivity in drylands
- Promoting integrated ecosystem management for enhanced resilience and biodiversity conservation
- Knowledge management and monitoring and evaluation

Funding: GEF Grant: US \$5,479,452
AfDB Co-financing: US \$17,600,000

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=9050

CAMEROON

Promoting Access to Renewable Energy and Development of IT Tools for Rural Communities of Cameroons

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Climate Change

Approval Date: May 2015

Purpose: To encourage the use and upscaling of renewable energy technologies to mitigate greenhouse gases, ensure a more sustainable power supply for information and communications technology (ICT) purposes, and promote the development of solar technologies

Components:

- Strengthening policy and institutional mechanisms to support the development of green ICT network
- Undertaking technical studies on the potential use of renewable resources and energy efficient appliances in rural areas to power/operate community centers and other infrastructure
- Provision of renewable energy powered infrastructure

Funding: GEF Grant: US \$1,726,484
AfDB Co-financing: US \$29,000,000

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=9116



COTE D'IVOIRE

Sustainable Cities Integrated Approach Pilot

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Multi Focal Area

Approval Date: June 2015

Purpose: To enhance local capacity to assess and respond to environmental degradation through the application of integrated sustainable urban planning and management methods while encouraging the uptake of innovative lower carbon technologies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve air quality in the city of Abidjan

Components:

- Improving urban planning and management in Abidjan
- Assessing and improving air quality
- Sustainable urban infrastructure
- Industrial air quality assessment and pilot (in partnership with UNIDO)

Funding: GEF Grant: US \$6,522,072
AfDB Co-financing: US \$120,500,000

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=9077

ZAMBIA

Lake Tanganyika Basin Sustainable Development Project

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Multi Focal Area

Approval Date: June 2015

Purpose: To improve natural resource management and the livelihoods of communities in Zambia's Lake Tanganyika Basin through the sustainable and integrated use of lake resources

Components:

- Technical assistance to support integrated natural resources management (INRM)
- Sustainable agro and forest ecosystem development to diversify livelihoods
- Monitoring and evaluation, outreach, and dissemination of best practices

Funding: GEF Grant: US \$7,334,247
AfDB Co-financing: US \$26,562,630

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=8021



LIBERIA

Increasing Energy Access through the Promotion of Energy Efficient Appliances in Liberia

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Climate Change

Approval Date: October 2015

Purpose: To increase access to electricity in rural Liberia while promoting and mainstreaming the use of energy efficiency measures

Components:

- Institutional support and capacity building to promote energy efficiency
- Energy efficient lighting and public outreach pilot program
- Knowledge management and monitoring and evaluation

Funding: GEF Grant: US \$2,639,726
AfDB Co-financing: US \$37,000,000

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=9292

MULTICOUNTRY

Burkina Faso, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, DRC, Kenya, Mali, Mozambique, Tanzania and Zambia

Moringa Agro-forestry Fund for Africa

Funding Source: GEF Trust Fund

Focal Area: Multi Focal Area

Approval Date: April 2015

Purpose: To invest in scalable, replicable agroforestry projects in Sub-Saharan Africa that combine plantation forestry (producing biomass, fuel wood or timber) with agricultural elements (producing staple food crops for local markets and/or niche export crops) to capture most of the value chain

Components:

- Investment in 5-6 agroforestry projects, allowing the implementation of profitable economical models that provide positive benefits for local populations and the environment
- Targeted investments in manageable scale agroforestry projects (from 3,000 to 15,000 ha) which combine sustainable forestry activities (e.g. timber tree crops or fruit trees) with agricultural activities
- Scaling-of up successful pilot projects integrating the environmental, social and economic aspects of sustainable development

Funding: GEF non-Grant: US \$12,000,000
Total Co-financing: US \$50,800,000

https://www.thegef.org/gef/project_detail?projID=9051



AfDB-GEF Project Success Stories

PROJECT SUCCESS STORY

Climate Adaptation for Rural Livelihoods and Agriculture (CARLA) in Malawi

Project Snapshot

Country: Malawi

Sector: Agriculture

AfDB related financing: US \$ 3 million grant from the Global Environmental Facility

Challenge: Malawi, like many Southern African countries, is experiencing increasing climate variability which results in poor crop yields or failures due to drought and floods. Certain districts across the country are experiencing changing rainfall patterns and higher temperatures that have shortened the growing season. Rainfall occurs from November to May and varies across the country—from less than 600 mm in the southern region to over 1,800 mm in the highlands. Frequent droughts and floods are eroding assets, leaving people more vulnerable to disaster. An upsurge in malaria and cholera linked to climate change requires smallholder farmers to spend more time caring for the sick and less time working in their fields.

Outputs: As of March 2015, the greatest successes have been in livestock rearing, fish farming, fruit tree propagation, and irrigation enhancement, including:

- **681,383 trees** transplanted
- **139 hectares** of land irrigated
- **13 fish ponds** constructed
- **710 hectares** of soil and water conserved
- By **2014**, the first set of beneficiaries received a total of **989 goats**
- **315 farmers** trained in fruit tree planting and management
- By **2014**, **615 farmers** had received training on fruit tree propagation methods and practices, together with a number of different types of trees, including **banana**, **papaya**, **orange**, and **mango** trees
- **200 hectares** covered with drought tolerant crops
- **291 farmers** sensitized in early maturing crop varieties
- **2.5 hectares** of buffer strips conserved

Impact:

- Agricultural productivity increased from 1 ton per hectare to 3.5 tons per hectare, on average. This increase improved food stability by helping generate a surplus from irrigated crops. Because irrigation activities increase production and incomes, community members will be better positioned to absorb potential climate-related crop losses.

TESTIMONIALS

"As you are aware, this area of Karonga District has continued to suffer from severe drought conditions this season. Thanks to CARLA, which has allowed me to plant my own orchard, I don't expect to feel the impact as much. I can sell bananas and paw paws to generate income to cover basic household needs. As a way of showing my appreciation to the project, I have so far established part of my garden as a nursery for providing seed materials to other interested farmers in the area for free. So far I have issued banana suckers to 15 farmers as planting materials for their own orchards. After providing the fruit trees, I follow up with training in their gardens using skills that officers from CARLA taught me. I have little doubt that within the next few years, most farmers in this area will have fruit trees in their homesteads."

Mr. Abraham Simkonda, CARLA Lead Farmer, Karonga District

"Our family has been vulnerable to climate change variability, as we had no quick way of generating alternative income so as to adapt to the harsh realities of weather patterns. In our area, every year we experience droughts and floods which resulted in our family having food only three months in the year. We did not even have the financial capacity to buy maize, which is a staple in our meals, resulting in some family members seeking temporary labor; a reduction in the number of daily meals; and some even resorting to begging. This has often impacted our integrity and standing in the community and shamed us. Since the beginning of the CARLA project, we have received two goats and have already given the offspring to other members of the community – there are now seven goats in our community in Kholo. By the end of the project, we expect to own at least 20 goats, which we will be able to sell in the case of an emergency and during rough times."

Anonymous beneficiary in Moses, Chikwawa District

"Ms. Nankhonde received two female goats from the project's livestock committee. The goats have had three rounds of offspring. At the end of the program, Ms. Nankhonde had five goats and had given two to other beneficiaries: "I am so happy that I have received five goats, which I never dreamt of having, thanks to the CARLA project. With my goats, hunger will soon be a thing of the past – they will reproduce and give me more goats. I urge my friends who have received the goats to take good care of them so that they may also benefit from the project's activities."

Ms. Eti Nankhonde, inhabitant, Karonga District.



PROJECT SUCCESS STORY

Enhancing the Resilience of Poor Communities to Urban Flooding in Yaounde (PADY)

Project snapshot

Country: Cameroon

Sector: Water and sanitation

AfDB and related financing: ADF grant USD 36.4 million (Phase I); ADF loan USD 30 million
GEF grant of USD 4 million (Phase II)

Challenge: Today, nearly 2.5 million of Cameroon's 23 million inhabitants reside in the capital of Yaoundé – over 60% of which is covered by low income settlement housing. The Mfoundi Canal, the city's main drainage system, has with time become a receptacle for household refuse, industrial waste, domestic and industrial sewage and excreta from uncontrolled housing areas. This waste accumulates at the top end of the underground canals and obstructs the normal flow of runoff water. As a result, the nearly 2,000 millimetres of water which falls annually during the rainy season causes severe flooding, leading to loss in income-generating activities, the destruction of homes and businesses, an increase in waterborne diseases, and environmental degradation such as soil erosion.

Outputs:

- **3.5 kilometres** canal on the Mfoundi river bed (Phase 1)
- **6 km** long **drainage canal** along the Mfoundi river's main bed, two towpaths and crossings, four **8 km** long **drainage canals** along the tributaries (Phase 2 expected output)
- Domestic waste sludge disposal and treatment plant, landscaping around the main canal, enhancing vector control capacity of area health centers, capacity building for the Yaoundé City Council and seven District Councils. (Phase 2 expected output)

Impacts:

- Reduction in annual frequency of floods caused by the Mfoundi from 15 to three times between 2006 and 2011 (Phase 1)
- Reduction in prevalence of water-borne diseases caused by frequent floods (malaria, typhoid and diarrhea) by 47%, 47% and 36%, respectively, during the period 2007 -2011 (Phase 1)
- Decrease in prevalence of waterborne diseases in proportions estimated as follows: from 11.84% to 5% for malaria; from 2.7% to 1.05% for diarrhea; from 3.06% to 0.5% for typhoid fever (Phase 2 expected impact)
- Creation of almost 2,500 jobs (2,130 temporary and 370 long-term jobs) (Phase 2 expected impact)

TESTIMONIALS

" At the beginning of the nineties, we began to witness the flooding phenomena from the overflow of the Mfoundi. During every rain, our houses were flooded with rainwater. We suffered for years from the floods which destroyed our houses, took human lives, and attracted snakes and insects. ... Today, since project completion, the dream has become a reality. The floods, the unpleasant environment, all has been forgotten."

Ayissi Ntsama Jean Baptiste, A traditional chief

" Before the works, Yaoundé resembled an abandoned village. The city was dirty, muddy and had a foul odor and many traffic jams from the floods. Afterwards, the city is cleaner, welcoming, and there has been less flooding allowing the improvement of businesses along the river Mfoundi, and less traffic."

Djouonkou Sime, Yaoundé businessperson

" It is undeniable that before the work ... the zone downstream of the Mfoundi was constantly flooded during the rainy season and spit out snakes, lizards and many insects largely invisible to the detriment of residents' health. Today, the work of PADY positively transformed the zone allowing the smooth flow of river water ... allowing clean and proper urbanization in a modern environment. In addition, the canal bridges and roads allow for proper movement of goods and people."

Amba Atangana Joseph Gerard, landowner on the river

" Before the project, every time we had moderate to heavy rain, the roundabout at the Central Post Office and elsewhere in the neighborhood flooded. A lot of garbage also flowed down the rivers. After the project, there is almost no flooding at the roundabout, however the surrounding neighborhoods still experience flooding, albeit a bit less. Garbage flows less down the river, however trash still continues to float down the canal... Many expectations for PADY2."

Roger Etoua Eve'E, Secretary General, Yaoundé Town Hall



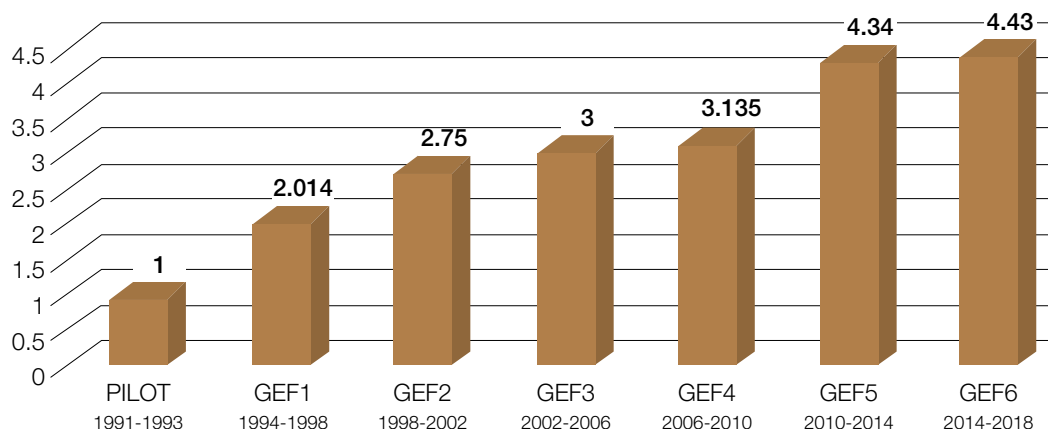
The Year Ahead: 2016



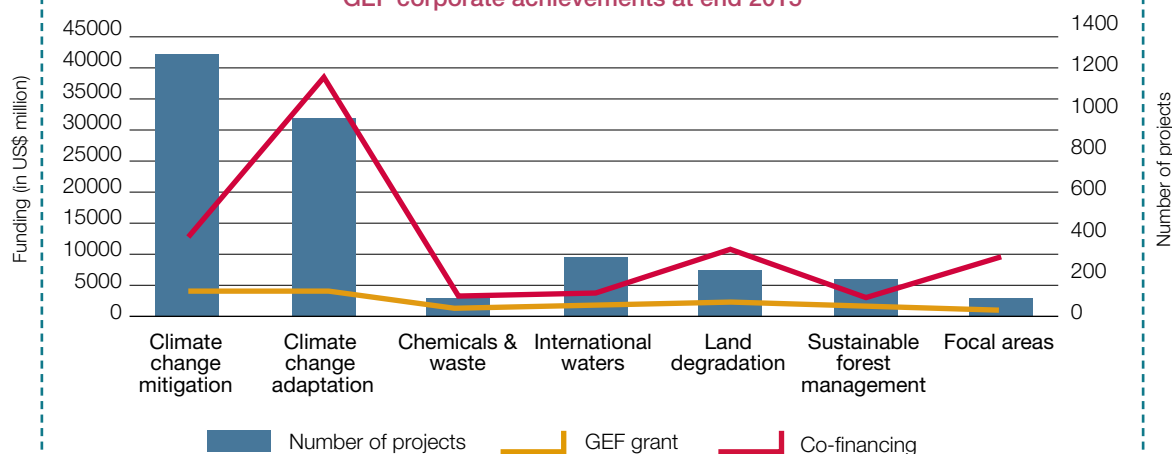
GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY
INVESTING IN OUR PLANET

In 2016, the GEF will celebrate its 25th anniversary. Since its inception in 1991, the Global Environment Facility has provided support to over **167 countries** and invested **\$14.5 billion** directly and leveraged **\$75.4 billion** in additional resources for **3,946 projects** to tackle the planet's most pressing environmental problems in collaboration with a multitude of partners.

GEF replenishment 1991-2018 (US \$ billion)



GEF corporate achievements at end 2015





AfDB pipeline for GEF funding in 2016

Country	Project title	GEF Window
Cameroon	Integrated Sustainable Urban Development (SUDP) and Environmentally Sound Management of Municipal Solid Waste Project	Mitigation
Tanzania/Malawi	Strengthening transboundary cooperation and integrated natural resources management in the Songwe River Basin	Mitigation
Benin	Sustainable Forest Management and Conservation Project in central and south Benin (Departments of Atlantique, Collines, Zou, Borgou and Donga)	Mitigation
Multinational	Investing in Renewable Energy Project Preparation under the Sustainable Energy Fund for Africa (SEFA)(non-grant)	Mitigation
Lesotho	Climate Change Adaptation for Sustainable Rural Water Supply in Lowlands Lesotho	Adaptation
Sao Tome	Strengthening the Adaptive Capacity of Sao Tomean's Agriculture and fishery sectors	Adaptation
The Gambia	Agriculture Value Chains Development Project in The Gambia	Adaptation
Malawi	Climate Adaptation for Sustainable Water Supply	Adaptation

Total AfDB-GEF Portfolio as of December 31st 2015

COUNTRY	PROJECT TITLE	FUND	Grant	Co-Financing
Malawi	Climate Adaptation for Rural Livelihoods and Agriculture (CARLA)	LDCF	3 000 000	24 505 000
The Gambia	Sip - Sustainable Land Management In The Gambia	GEFTF	4 400 000	14 482 000
Burundi	Enhancing Climate Risk Management and Adaptation in Burundi (ECRAMB)	LDCF	3 080 000	15 660 000
Côte d'Ivoire	TT-Pilot (GEF-4): Construction of 1000 Ton per day Municipal Solid Wastes Composting Unit in Akouedo Abidjan	GEFTF	2 625 000	36 898 500
Sao Tome	Strengthening the Adaptive Capacity of Most Vulnerable Sao Tomean's Livestock-keeping Households	LDCF	1 985 000	7 650 000
Lake Chad	LCB-NREE Lake Chad Basin Regional Program, for the Conservation and Sustainable Use of Natural Resources and Energy Efficiency	GEFTF	20 313 084	172 563 158
Regional	Pilot African Climate Technology Finance Center and Network	SCCF	5 250 000	50 000 000
Regional	Pilot African Climate Technology Finance Center and Network	GEFTF	9 090 000	45 000 000
Regional	AfDB-PPP Public-Private Partnership Program	GEFTF	20 000 000	240 000 000
Mauritania	Improving Climate Resilience of Water Sector Investments with Appropriate Climate Adaptive Activities for Pastoral and Forestry Resources in Southern Mauritania	LDCF	6 350 000	14 580 000
Uganda	Building Resilience to Climate Change in the Water and Sanitation Sector	LDCF	8 370 000	38 000 000
Sierra Leone	Building Resilience to Climate Change in the Water and Sanitation Sector	LDCF	4 000 000	28 735 000
HoA - Kenya	RLACC - Rural Livelihoods's Adaptation to Climate Change in the Horn of Africa (PROGRAM)	SCCF	2 577 778	32 000 000
HoA – Djibouti	RLACC - Rural Livelihoods's Adaptation to Climate Change in the Horn of Africa (PROGRAM)	LDCF	5 077 778	32 000 000
Angola	Integrating Climate Change into Environment and Sustainable Land Management Practices	LDCF	4 416 210	19 995 000
Benin	Flood Control and Climate Resilience of Agriculture Infrastructure in Oueme Valley- Benin	LDCF	7 200 000	44 000 000
Madagascar	Enabling Climate Resilience in the Agriculture Sector in the Southwest Region of Madagascar	LDCF	6 272 000	33 000 000
Cameroon	Enhancing the Resilience of Poor Communities to Urban Flooding in Yaounde	SCCF	4 032 000	145 000 000

COUNTRY	PROJECT TITLE	FUND	Grant	Co-Financing
Togo	Strengthening Climate Resilience of Infrastructure in Coastal Areas in Togo	LDCF	8 932 420	90 000 000
Senegal	Project for the Restoration and Strengthening the Resilience of the Lake de Guiers Wetland Ecosystems (PRRELAG)	GEFTF	1 315 525	22 090 000
Zambia	Climate Resilient Livestock Management Project	LDCF	6 210 000	20 832 000
Rwanda	Climate Change Awareness and Rural Livelihoods Project	LDCF	8 824 749	45 386 000
Central African Republic	Reducing Rural and Urban Vulnerability to Climate Change by the Provision of Water Supply	LDCF	7 140 000	23 300 000
Multi	Integrated Development and Adaptation to Climate Change Program in The Niger Basin Programme.	GEFTF	12 014 800	61 000 000
Sudan, Somalia	RLACC - Rural Livelihood's Adaptation to Climate Change in the Horn of Africa (PROGRAM)	LDCF	17 067 592	52 000 000
Uganda, DRC	Lakes Edward and Albert Integrated Fisheries and Water Resources Management Project	GEFTF	8 100 000	26 885 000
Benin	Parakou Mobility Project	GEFTF	1 826 484	107 191 700
Zambia	Lake Tanganyika Sustainable Development Project	GEFTF	7 100 000	26 562 630
Chad	Food Security Resilience in Sahel Region (Chad)	MFA	5 329 452	23 079 452
Côte d'Ivoire	Urban Transport Project - Sustainable Cities Program	MFA	5 254 587	21 300 000
Cameroon	Promoting Access to Renewable Energy to Power Community Centers and Development of IT Tools for Adaptation Purposes in Rural Communities of Cameroon	GEFTF	1 776 484	35 000 000
Cameroon	Integrated Urban Management for Sustainable Cities in Cameroon	MFA	8 000 000	125 000 000
Multi	Moringa Agroforestry Fund	GEFTF	12 000 000	54 000 000
Liberia	Increasing Energy Access through the Promotion of Energy Efficient Appliances in Liberia	GEFTF	2 639 726	37 000 000
Cameroon	Integrated Sustainable Urban Development (SUDP) and Environmentally Sound Management of Municipal Solid Waste Project in Cameroon	GEFTF	7 956 880	168 840 000
Multi	Investing in Renewable Energy Project Preparation under the Sustainable Energy Fund for Africa (SEFA)(non-grant)	GEFTF	10 000 000	455 000 000
Morocco	Energy Efficiency in the Industrial Sector	GEFTF	2 730 000	8 855 000

ANNUAL REPORT

African Development Bank

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