The goal of this assignment is to generate knowledge, raise awareness, and inform and build the capacity of a wide range of stakeholders on the economic importance and key leverage points for financing, designing, implementing, and monitoring gender-responsive adaptation and resilience policies, strategies, programs, and projects in Rwanda. This assessment took a two-pronged approach involving qualitative data collection and hotspot mapping using existing sex-disaggregated data available for the sub-national level.

The hotspot mapping involved analysis of exposure, sensitivity, and women’s adaptive capacity and the creation of an index for hotspot mapping. This part of the analysis includes i) an assessment of gender-agriculture-climate change hotspots and location-specific needs and indicators to inform national and sub-national climate policies and climate action, and ii) an assessment of the current level of agricultural technology used in the hotspot locations.

The study created an interactive web map for gender-disaggregated and other data relevant to climate change, agriculture, and women. The interactive web maps include five sections: agriculture, climate, food and health, human development index, and hotspot analysis. All maps present district-level information, including exposure, sensitivity, adaptive capacity, and vulnerability layers.

While gender is a cross-cutting sector of Cameroon’s Forest Investment Plan, it is important to ensure that all programs at the national level integrate concrete, specific and budgeted actions to reduce inequalities between women and men. Gender is thus seen in Cameroon as a means to achieve sustainable development, promote the green economy, diversify its economic base and combat climate change, and fits perfectly into the vision of Cameroon’s forestry investment plan.

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The CIF promotes gender equality across climate finance projects. The CIF’s projects implemented by the African Development Bank are aligned with the CIF Gender Action Plan phase 3, and with the African Development Bank Gender Strategy 2021-2025 and its Climate Change and Green Growth Strategic Framework.

The CIF-funded activities set up by the African Development Bank enhances women’s lives on the African continent by generating demand-driven knowledge, strengthening tailored outreach, capacity-building and technical assistance, and by fostering advocacy and policy dialogue. CIF-funded projects implemented by the African Development Bank focus on developing practical implementation tools that advise policy and decision makers to drive gender-sensitive transformational change in the climate and environment sectors.

**Integrating Gender into Cameroon’s Forestry Investment Plan**

The African Development Bank, in collaboration with the Forest Investment Program of the Climate Investment Funds and the Ministry of Environment, Nature Protection and Sustainable Development of Cameroon, organized a workshop to validate the gender action plan of the country’s Forest Investment Plan, the monitoring framework of the action plan as well as its financing plan.

About forty actors, representing the African Development Bank, ministerial departments including the Ministry of Environment, Nature Protection and Sustainable Development, sectoral administrations and structures under supervision, the National Platform of Civil Society on REDD+ and Climate Change, indigenous peoples, the national gender working group on REDD+ and climate change and development partners, participated in this meeting.

Granular, gender and climate change vulnerability hotspot mapping for decision support in Rwanda. Gender inclusion and scaling out gender-responsive climate-smart intervention in agriculture and allied sectors is increasingly seen as a need to transform food systems and inclusive development under climate change. Rwanda is one of the most vulnerable countries to climate change with increased temperatures, intensified rainfall, and prolonged dry seasons. These changes can have a significant impact on agriculture, food security, and the livelihoods of many people in the country.

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